

- The new 1,200 pupil Eagle Drive Elementary School opened March 1, 1966.
- Waverly Avenue was widened in 1967. West Avenue was widened also and extended across Montauk Highway by filling in part of the Patchogue Lake behind the Lace Mill and then connecting it to Waverly Avenue. The extension was opened November 17, 1967.
- A fire destroyed the upper floor of the Wedgewood Building on West Main Street September 10, 1967.
- The new Grant Store on Hewlett Avenue in East Patchogue opened August 17, 1967.
- The new large church building of the Our Lady of Mt. Carmel on North Ocean Avenue, north of Sunrise Highway, opened on May 12, 1968.
- The Canaan Elementary School building opened September 4, 1968 and was dedicated Sunday, November 17, 1968.
- The Patchogue Hotel, dormant since 1961, was torn down in December 1969.

1970 – 1980

- The Brookhaven Memorial Hospital added a two story building in front of the original main building, bringing the total capacity to 220 beds. A 70 bed medical surgical pavilion also was added. The dedication of the new wing took place Saturday, March 27, 1971.
- The new \$7.5 million Buffalo Avenue High School, which has a capacity of 2,000 pupils, opened January 28, 1971.
- The Patchogue Fire Department celebrated its 90th anniversary September 17, 1970. Representatives from 36 fire departments attended the celebration. More than 1,000 people attended the dedication of the new department headquarter building on Jennings Avenue, October 11, 1970.
- The dedication of the new addition to the Temple Beth El on Oak Street took place October 28, 1971.
- The largest fire in Patchogue's history occurred January 17, 1971, when two large buildings of the Industrial Park, formerly part of the Patchogue Plymouth Mill complex, burned to the ground. Thirty-three fire departments from the surrounding area helped fighting the fire, which lasted for 29 hours.
- Captain Tuthill, the publisher of the Patchogue Advance newspaper since 1924, died June 17, 1972.
- In November, 1972 Seton Hall High School announced that the school would be forced to close by June 1974 due to the lack of religious teaching personnel.
- The energy crisis, starting at the end of 1973 and lasting into 1974, created long lines at the gas pumps and a severe shortage of heating oils. Some plants had slowdowns and lay-offs. Coal and wood became alternate heating sources.